



**QUINTA MAZATLAN**  
MCALLEN WING OF THE WORLD BIRDING CENTER

**Curriculum Guide**  
**Pre and Post Activities**  
**Grade 4**

**Welcome to Quinta Mazatlan! We have created a resource to help you prepare for your unique and fabulous educational experience.**

**Vocabulary to Consider**

- ✓ Adaptation – special features developed over time that help animals or plants obtain food, protect themselves, and cope with diverse weather
- ✓ Habitat – a place where an animal or plant lives and is able to meet its needs for survival (food, water, shelter, and space)
- ✓ Species – population of individuals more or less alike and able to breed and produce offspring
- ✓ Ecosystem – combination of all living and non-living things that interact and exchange materials and energy
- ✓ Forest – piece of land covered with trees; each region has different trees in the forest; South Texas has mostly thorny shrubs and small trees (Thornforest)
- ✓ Ornithologist – a scientist who studies birds

## **Pre-Visit Suggestions: Fourth Grade**

### **Pre-Activity 1 – Creative Writing**

Use the vocabulary above to create a fun and exciting story. The writing prompt will help students get started. Review the vocabulary as a group before starting the assignment. Ask students to predict what types of animals and plants they might see in the Thornforest.

*\*\*Click on printable: “Pre-Activity 1: “4thPreCreativeWriting”*

### **Pre-Activity 2 – Soil Connections in our Thornforest**

Why is soil important to our habitat? Let’s investigate by creating connections in our forest ecosystem. Students will use index cards and a ball of string to role play the various connections in a Thornforest. Click on the following link for detailed instructions on this simple and effective lesson in teaching the complex inter-relationships in an ecosystem.

*\*\*Click on printable: “Pre-Activity 2: “4thPreSoilConnections”*

## While You Are Here: Fourth Grade

### Field Trip Schedule

*Arrive at front gate of Quinta Mazatlan	8:45 - 9:00
*Introduction and QM History	9:00 - 9:15
*Rotation 1	9:15 - 10:15
Group 1: Trail	
Group 2: Lab	
*Rotation 2	10:15 - 11:15
Group 1: Lab	
Group 2: Trail	
*Lunch	11:15 - 11:45
*Students who bring money will rotate through the Environmental Education Store during their lunch break.	
*Depart - Walk to Front Gate	11:45 - 12:00

### What will students learn?

- Outdoors – Students will explore the Thornforest habitat and examine components of this unique ecosystem. Students will investigate how this system supports a variety of animal species and how adaptations allow for their survival.
- Indoors – Students will evaluate three different soil samples and explore texture, color, smell, and organic matter of each type. Students will use hand lenses and charts to closely evaluate and draw conclusions.



### History of Quinta Mazatlan

*What does Quinta Mazatlan mean?*

“Quinta” - a country house, villa or estate

“Mazatlan” - land of the Deer

Quinta Mazatlan is one of the large adobe homes in the state of Texas. Jason and Marcia Matthews began building the home in 1935. Jason built a swimming pool, cottage and house all out of 12 inch adobe (mud) blocks made right on site.

The second owners were Frank and Marilyn Schultz. They made the home larger and planted many beautiful tropical plants.

The third owner is the City of McAllen. The Parks and Recreation Department take care of the home and land for people, wildlife and birds to enjoy.



## Back in the Classroom: Fourth Grade

### Post-Activity 1 – Habitat Dreaming

Students will take an active role in making decisions about community habitats in this activity. They will use their experience from the field trip to make informed and knowledgeable decisions. They will work in four groups to answer the following question: *If you were a Forest Manager and had to design a Forest around your school, what changes and improvements would you make?*

[\\*\\*Click on teacher printable: “Post-Activity 1: 4thPostHabitatDreaming” for guidelines.](#)

### Post-Activity 2 – Animal Adaptations

Refer to scientific trail chart given during field trip entitled “Quinta Mazatlan Thornforest.” Allow students to reflect and share some of their observations from your trail exploration. (See chart below for possible adaptations to review.)

#### **Bird Adaptations in the Thornforest at Quinta Mazatlan**

**Woodpecker** – beak is strong, adapted for probing trees for insects, and feet are adapted for climbing.

**Hummingbird** – beak is long and thick for nectar feeding, feet are made for perching, not walking.

**Kiskadee** – beak adapted for eating seeds/insects in the air feet adapted for perching.

**Mockingbird** – beak adapted for eating seeds/insects on ground feet adapted for perching.

**Owl** – beak is adapted to tear meat, strong talons help squeeze pray, eyes are adapted with excellent night vision.

**Chachalaca** – beak is adapted for eating seeds on ground, feet are large and adapted for walking on the ground and climbing branches.

To reinforce student knowledge of adaptations, print the following handout.

[\\*\\*Click on teacher printable: “Post-Activity 2: 4thCreateYourOwnBird”](#)



**Quinta Mazatlan**  
**Fourth Grade Pre-Activity 2: Soil Connections in our Thornforest**

**Goal: To learn why soil is important for the health of habitat and investigate connections in our forest ecosystem.**

**Materials:**

Yarn

Index cards

Hole punch

Markers

Scissors

Ball of string

**Directions:**

**Make Ecosystem Cards**

1. Choose from the following words and write one word on each index card.

- |                 |                      |                     |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| • Soil          | • Mexican Olive tree | • Leaf cutter ant   |
| • Bacteria      | • Palm tree          | • Mistflower plant  |
| • Earthworm     | • Mouse              | • Red Yucca plant   |
| • Woodpecker    | • Rotten log         | • Lantana plant     |
| • Mockingbird   | • Snake              | • Lizard            |
| • Owl           | • Squirrel           | • Cottontail rabbit |
| • Green Jay     | • Turks Cap plant    | • Hummingbird       |
| • Mesquite tree | • Spider             | • Duck              |

2. Pass out one index card to each student after you write the above words. Ask students to punch a hole in the top corners of each card. Attach a string to the cards so students can wear them around their necks. Explain that each student has a different component of a forest ecosystem. Each animal or plant listed on each card is related to soil. Explain that you are going to play a game to illustrate this connection. Ask students to place their card around their neck. (You may wish to punch holes and place string on the cards ahead of time.)

**Make Student Thornforest Web**

3. Next, have students make a circle and sit on the floor. (You may also go outdoors and sit the grass.) Begin by asking where the nutrients are stored within a forest community. Explain that soil holds nutrients (vitamins) for plants. When animals eat plants, they consume those nutrients as well.

4. Ask the student with the soil card to hold a ball of string because that is where the nutrients are stored. Ask, "Who can get nutrients from the soil?" Have the "soil" student choose another student that connects with the soil. The soil student then passes the ball while holding on to an end to another student who gets nutrients from the soil, i.e. tree or plant. Have a tree or plant wrap the string around one hand and pass the ball on to another student who represents an organism or plant that connects to the tree/plant, i.e. woodpecker who may live in the tree or hummingbird who may drink nectar from a plant. Continue this process until all components are included in the web. The ball of string can always be tossed back to the soil student if a student cannot find someone else related to them.

**Quinta Mazatlan**  
**Fourth Grade Pre-Activity 2: Soil Connections in our Thornforest**

**Observe and Make Connections**

5. When finished, ask students to observe this complex web. All plants and animals are dependent upon soil for survival. To illustrate, pose a scenario. Ask all “tree” students to gently tug on their string. Say, “You have become infected with a fungus and die.” Ask everyone who felt the string tugged raise his or her hand. Ask them how they would be affected by losing the trees?

6. Next, ask all “bird” students to gently tug on their string. Say, “You have been poisoned and have all died.” Ask everyone who felt the string tugged raise his or her hand. Ask them how they would be affected by losing these birds.

7. Finally, what happens when just one part is removed from the ecosystem? All components are connected and affect one another. Soil is an ecosystem that provides nutrients and life to both plants and animals. We would not be able to survive without a healthy soil ecosystem that gives life to plants and animals. Can you list 3 ways we rely on plants every day? ( i.e. food, medicine, oxygen, clothes ) Can you list 3 ways we rely on animals every day? ( i.e. food, clothing, pollination, insect and rodent control )

## Quinta Mazatlan Fourth Grade Post-Activity 1: Habitat Dreaming

**Goal:** To give students an active role in making decisions about community habitats. They will use their experience from the field trip to make informed and knowledgeable decisions.

### Directions:

Divide students into 4 working groups. Give students paper and markers. Print 4 copies of this page for each group. Give students adequate time to work. Ask each group to share their ideas with the class. Which plan would the entire class vote in favor of implementing?

### DREAM ASSIGNMENT

If you were a Forest Manager and had to design a Forest around your school, what changes and improvements would you make?

**Step 1:** Make a diagram of the existing property. Add buildings, driveways, fences, trees, and sidewalks.

**Step 2:** Make a list of changes or improvements you would make (areas for wildlife, walking trails, trees for shade/birds, gardens, benches to sit, etc.) Think of what you like to do outdoors. Good managers must prioritize how to use a space. There can be many uses for a space but you need to decide which ones are most important.

**Step 3:** Draw a second diagram of your property incorporating your plan. Label or make a key to show what you have added or changed. Present to your teacher, grade level, or principal and ask them to help you carry out your plan.



**Quinta Mazatlan**  
**Fourth Grade Post-Activity 2: Create Your Own Bird**

**Goal:** To create a bird based on knowledge gained about adaptations while observing birds during field trip.

**Directions:** Refer to your scientific notes about bird adaptations from your visit to Quinta Mazatlan. As a scientist, create your own unique bird. What type of beak and feet would your bird need to survive in its habitat? Give your bird a creative name and have fun using your imagination!!

**Create Your Own Bird**

1. What is the name of your bird? \_\_\_\_\_

2. Where does your bird live? \_\_\_\_\_

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• desert</li><li>• grasslands</li><li>• rivers/lakes</li><li>• dry forest</li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• sandy coastal beaches</li><li>• cities</li><li>• urban parks</li><li>• mountains</li></ul> |
|---|--|

3. What does your bird eat? \_\_\_\_\_

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• fish</li><li>• insects</li><li>• small animals (snakes, lizards, mice)</li></ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• seeds</li><li>• fruit</li><li>• earthworms</li></ul> |
|--|--|

4. Would your bird be able to live in the Thornforest? Why or why not?

---

---

---

---